



Computer
Graphics
Charles
University

Computer graphics III – Intro

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FACULTY
OF MATHEMATICS
AND PHYSICS
Charles University

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RENDERING







01 EKTORP three-seat sofa
\$749

A room with a view

Put a rocking chair in front of your favourite window and experience how relaxing it is to get away from it all by just coming home. Life is in full swing outside, but you feel totally calm.

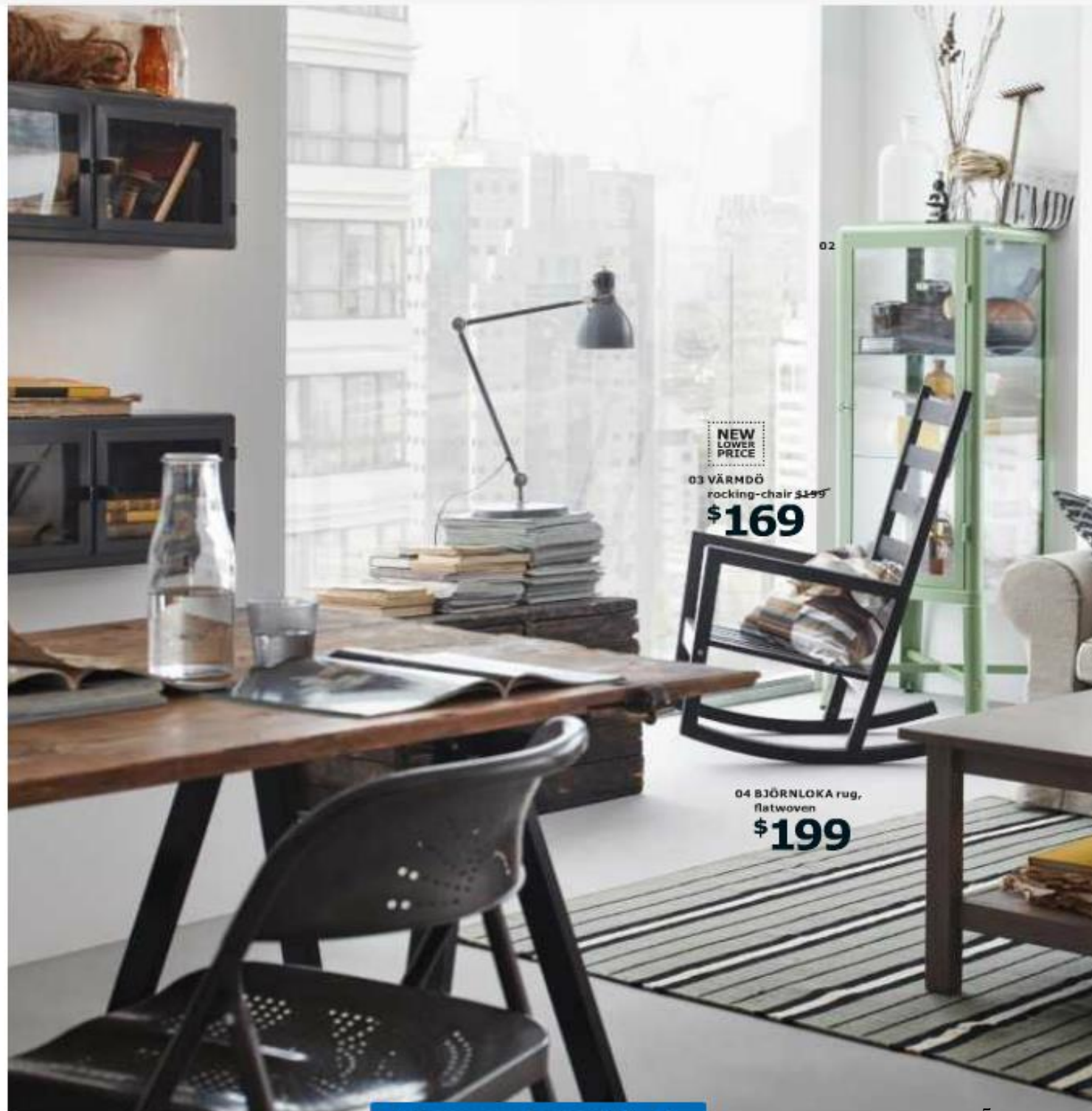
IKEA® Seat cushions filled with high resilience foam provide comfortable support for your body when you lie down or when you rise. Cover: 53% linen, 47% viscose/nylon. W: 120x100x, 100x100cm. Risane natural.

02 New FABRIKÖR glass-door cabinet \$399 The shelves in the cabinet are adjustable – makes it easy to adjust the height to suit what you want to store. May be completed with DÖDÖ LED lighting strip. Powder coated steel and tempered glass. Designer: Nike Karlsson. W57xD47, H150cm. Light green 702.422.94

03 VÄRMÖÖ rocking-chair \$169 Wooden furniture that is suitable for both indoor and outdoor use. Solid pine. Designer: Nike Karlsson. W65xD74, H106cm. Black 002.059.59

04 BJÖRNLOKA rug, flatwoven \$199 The durable, soil-resistant wool surface makes this rug perfect in your living room or under your dining table. The rug is machine-woven. User surface: 100% pure new wool. W170xL240cm. Beige/black 402.290.05

05 HEMNES coffee table \$229 Stained, clear lacquered solid pine. Designer: Carina Bengs. L90xW90, H46cm. Grey-brown 402.579.51



NEW
LOWER
PRICE
03 VÄRMÖÖ
rocking-chair ~~\$299~~
\$169

04 BJÖRNLOKA rug,
flatwoven
\$199



Chair "Bertil", 2006





By *Weta Digital*
© 20th Century Fox



By *Weta Digital*
© 20th Century Fox









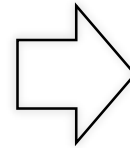


- **3D scene modeling**
 - 3DS Max, Blender, Rhino / CaptureReality
- **Object appearance**
 - Light reflectance models, textures, wear&tear
- **Animation**
 - Manual (character rigging, animation curves,)
 - Physics based (rigid body, water simulation, explosions, ...)
 - Captured (mocap)
- **Lighting & rendering**
 - primary light sources + global illumination (GI) -> light transport simulation
- **Video compositing and compression**
- **Image display (HDR imaging)**



Rendering = (forward) light simulation

3D scene



Image

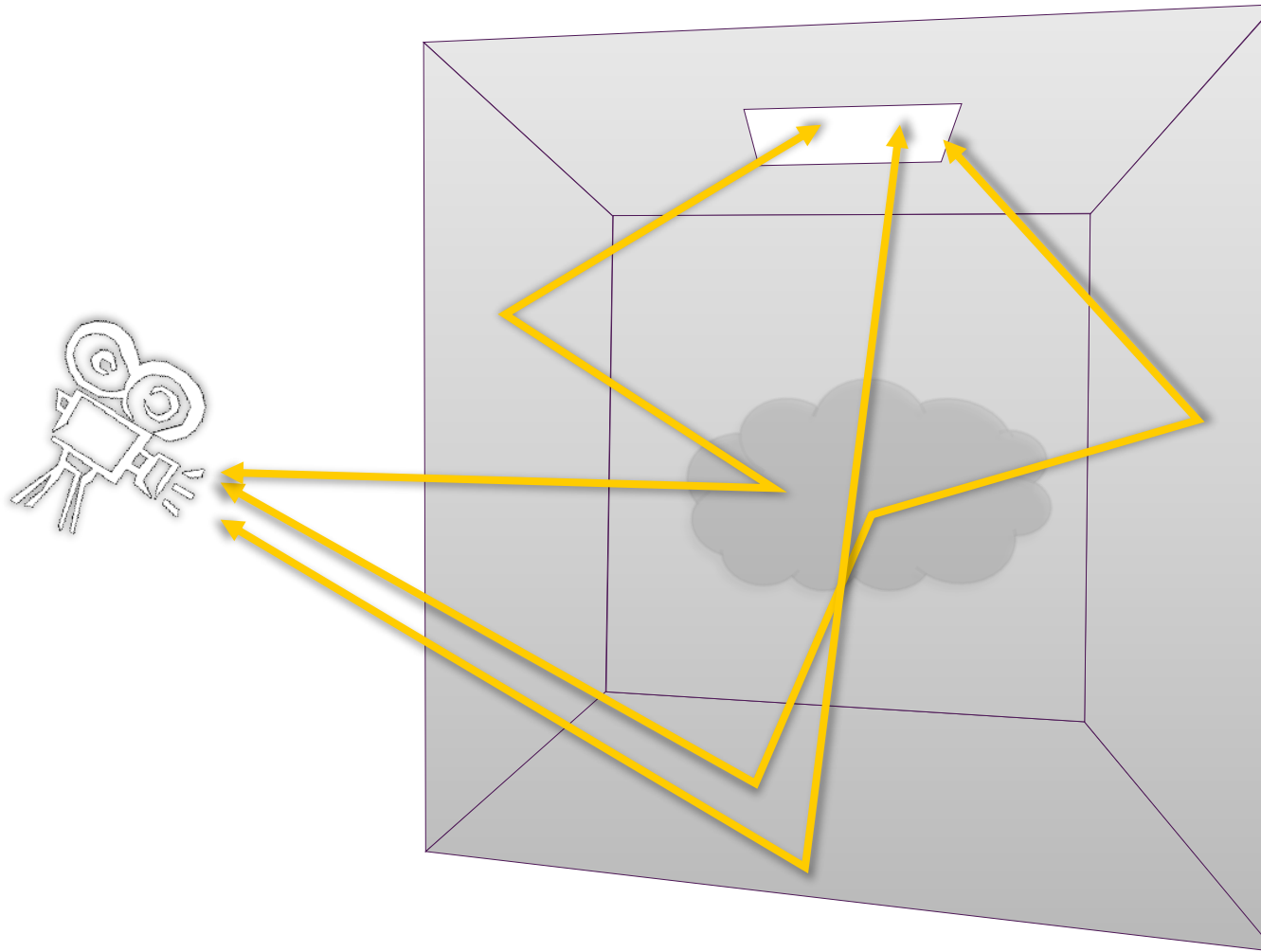




arnold



Light simulation

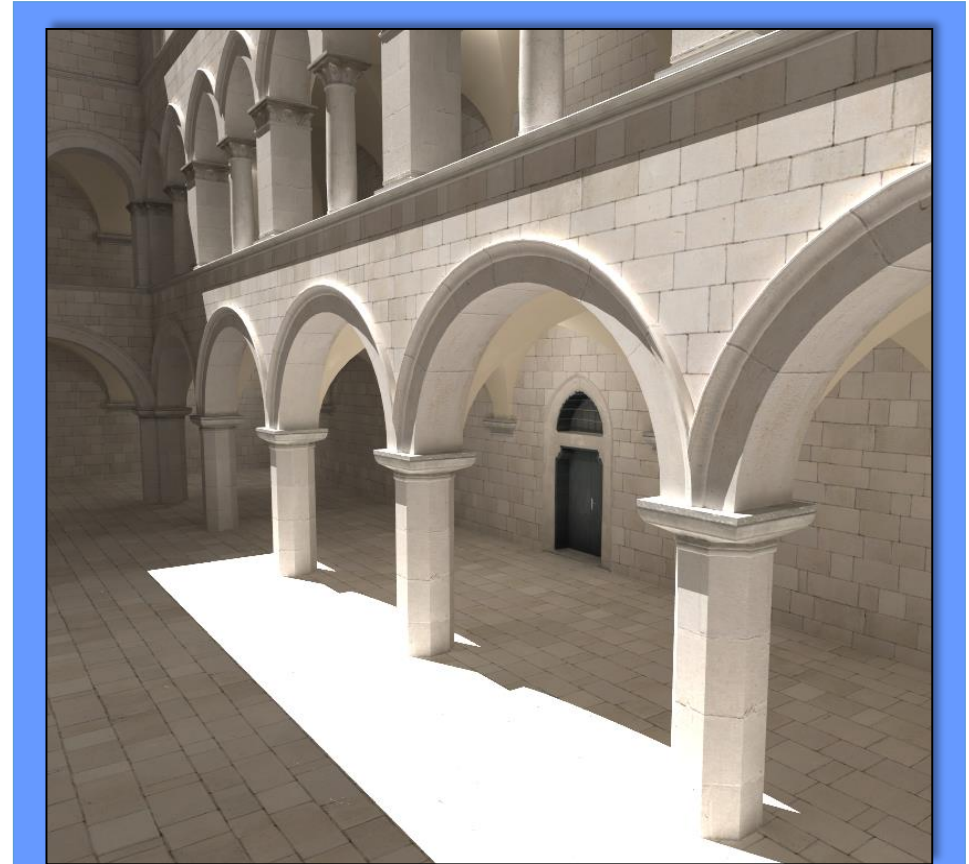
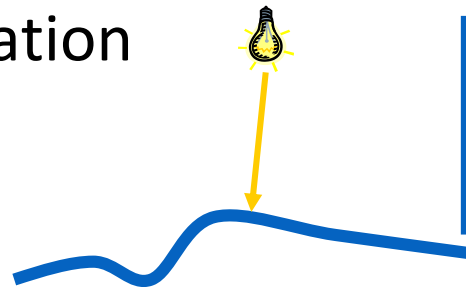


$$L_o = L_e + \int_{\Omega} L_i \cdot f_r \cdot \cos \theta \cdot d\omega$$

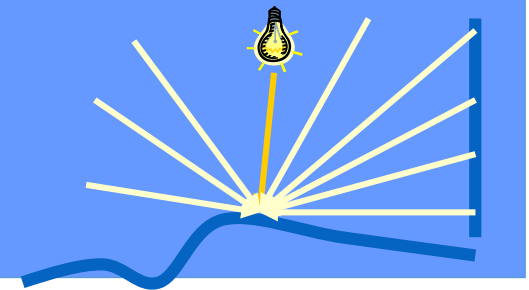
Global illumination – GI



Direct illumination



Global =
direct +
indirect



Global illumination – GI

- **Direct illumination**

- Light reflects only once on its way from the source to the camera



- **Global illumination**

- Global = Direct + Indirect
- Light transport between surfaces in the scene

Global illumination – Color bleeding



Image courtesy Michael Bunnell

Global illumination – Caustics

- Focusing of light as it's reflected or refracted, leading to local increase of intensity



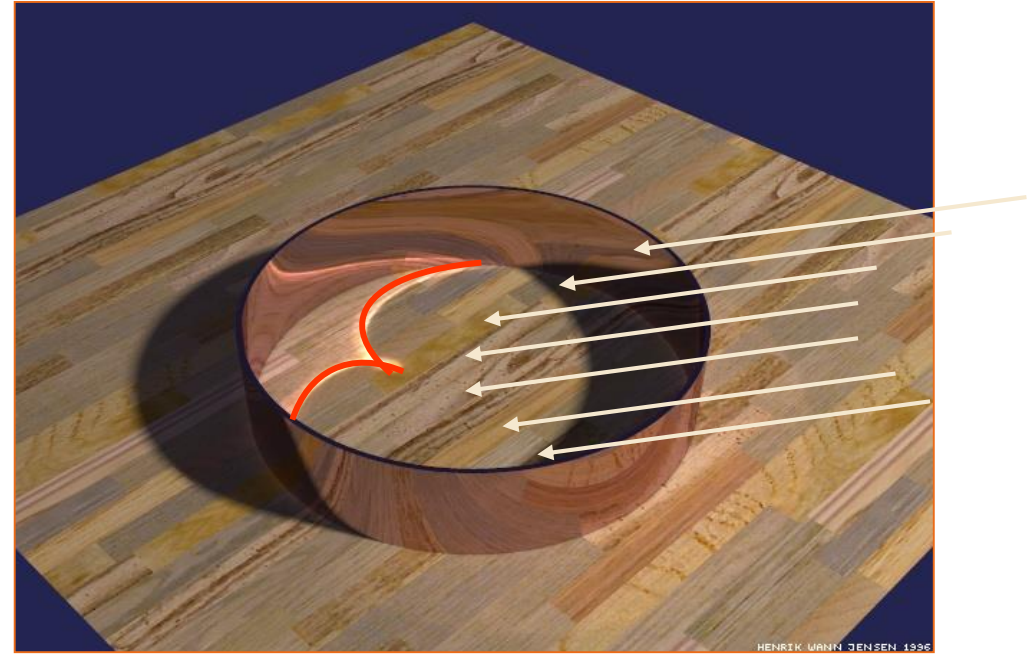
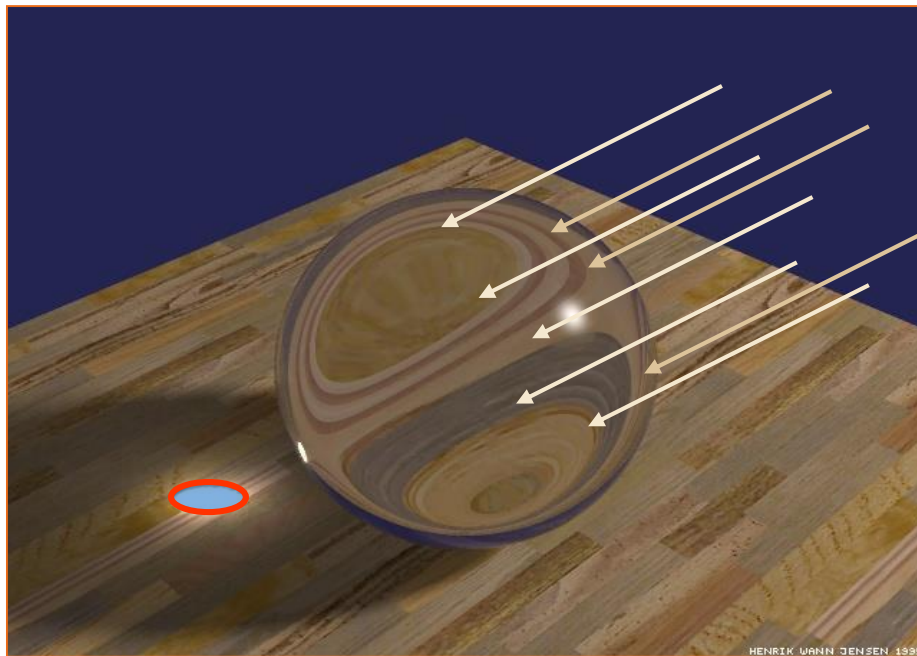
Photograph



Simulation using photon maps

Caustics

- In physics or in computer vision, a caustic refers to a singularity of light intensity (infinite density of light energy)



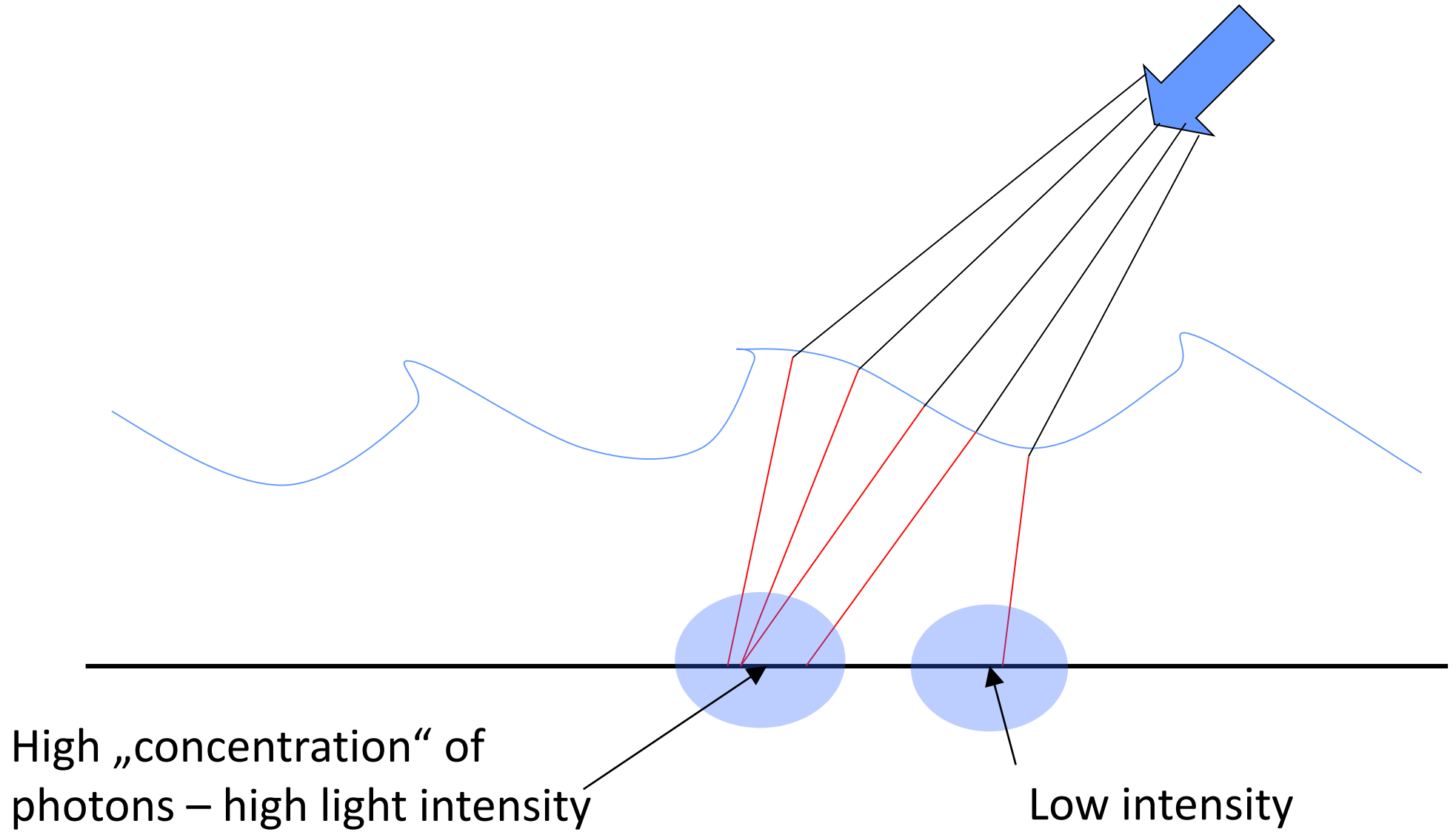
Global illumination – Caustics



- Reflections + refractions on water surface
- Caustics at the bottom



Caustics under water surface



We collaborate with...





P I X A
A N I M A T I O N S





Other interesting (local) companies...



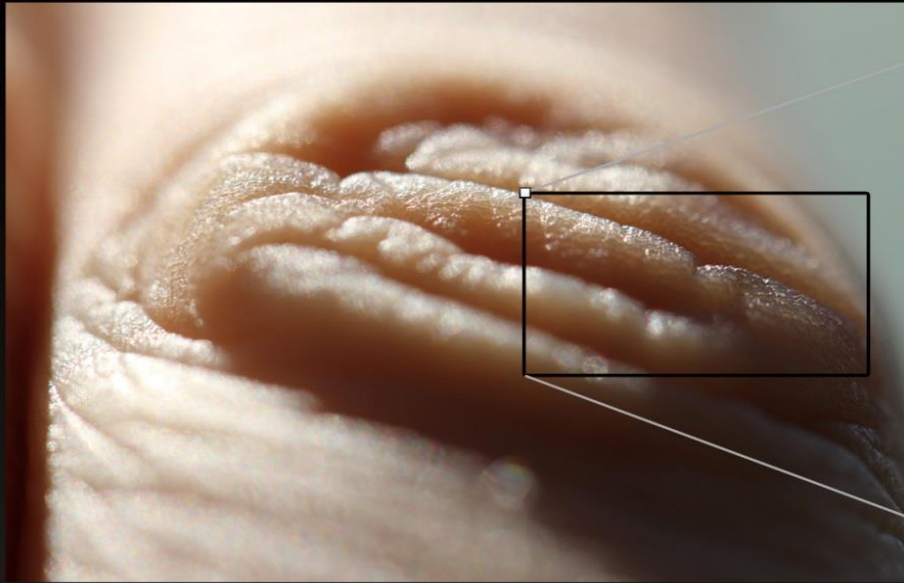
Realistic image synthesis: Ingredients

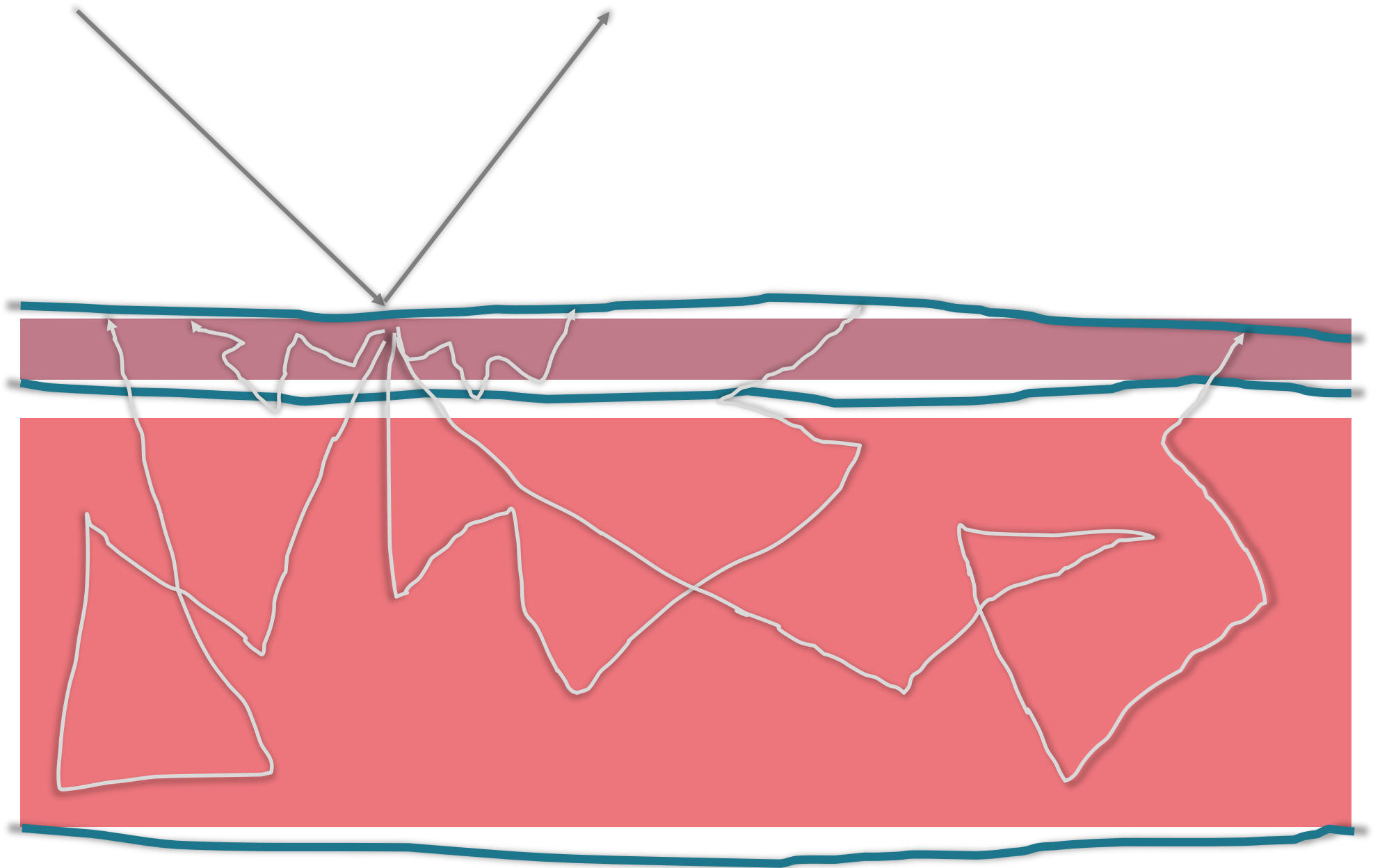
- Describe the “amount of light” in space – **radiometry**
- Describe light interaction with surfaces – **BRDF**
- Describe equilibrium light distribution – **rendering equation (RE)**
- **Image rendering** = numerical solution of the RE
 - Find the equilibrium light distribution in a 3D scene
 - Methods
 - Finite elements (radiosity) – obsolete
 - **Monte Carlo** (stochastic ray tracing) – prevalent

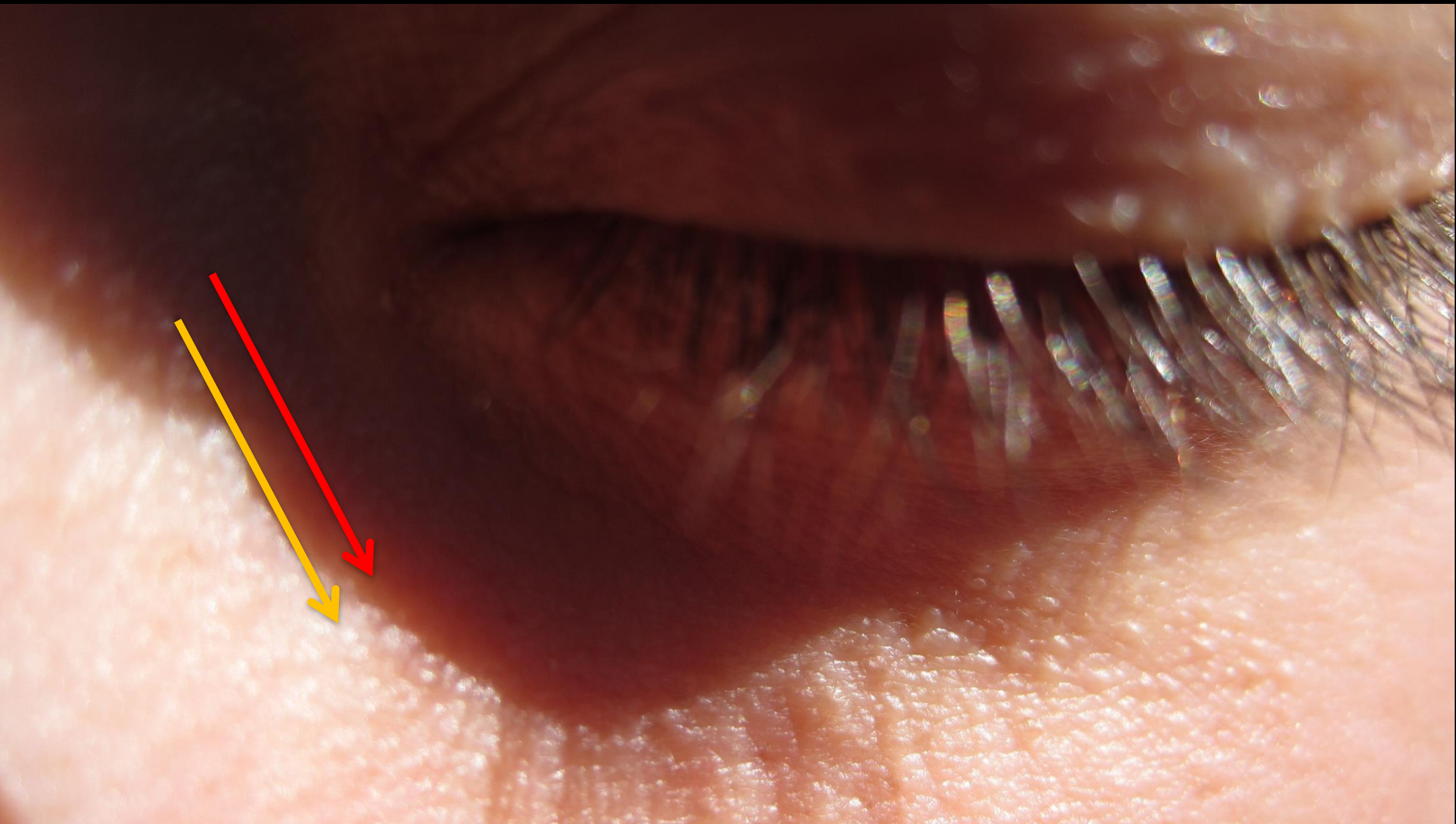
Example of our rendering research:

Smart(er) subsurface scattering

Křivánek and d'Eon. A Zero-Variance-Based Sampling Scheme for Monte Carlo Subsurface Scattering, ACM SIGGRAPH Talks 2014.

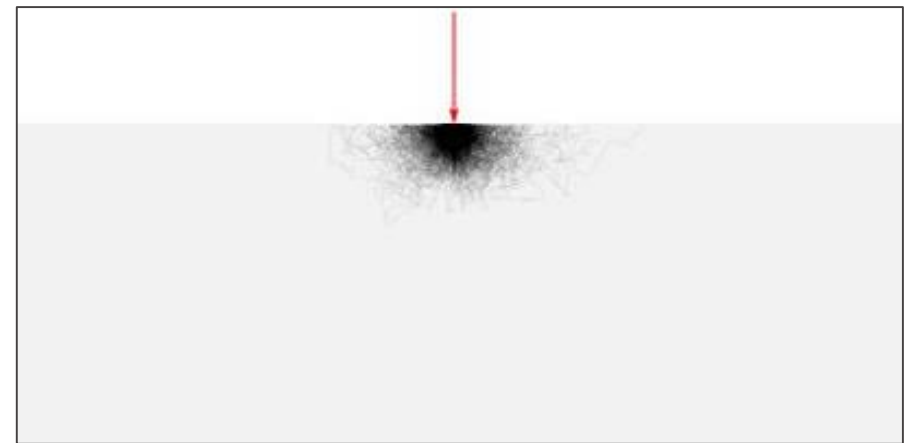
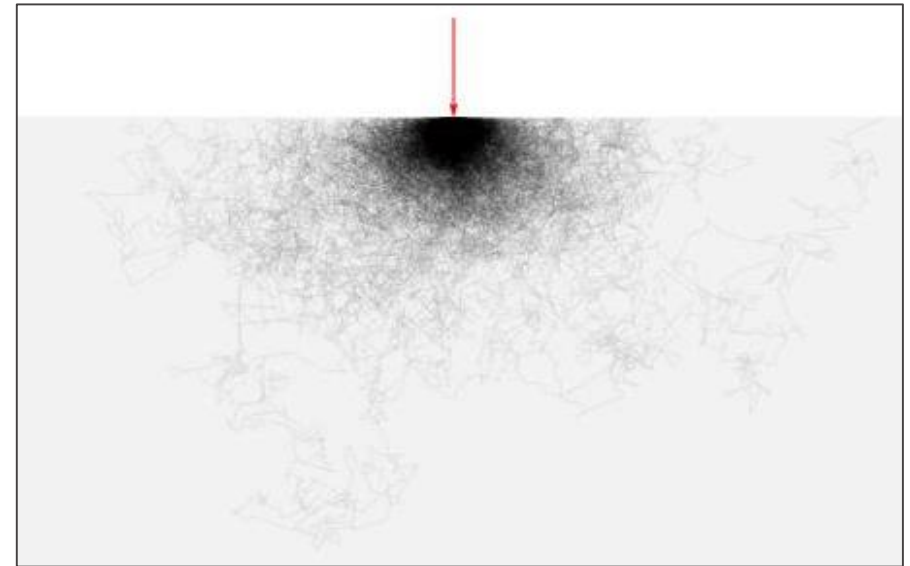






- **Classical random walk**
 - Oblivious to the boundary

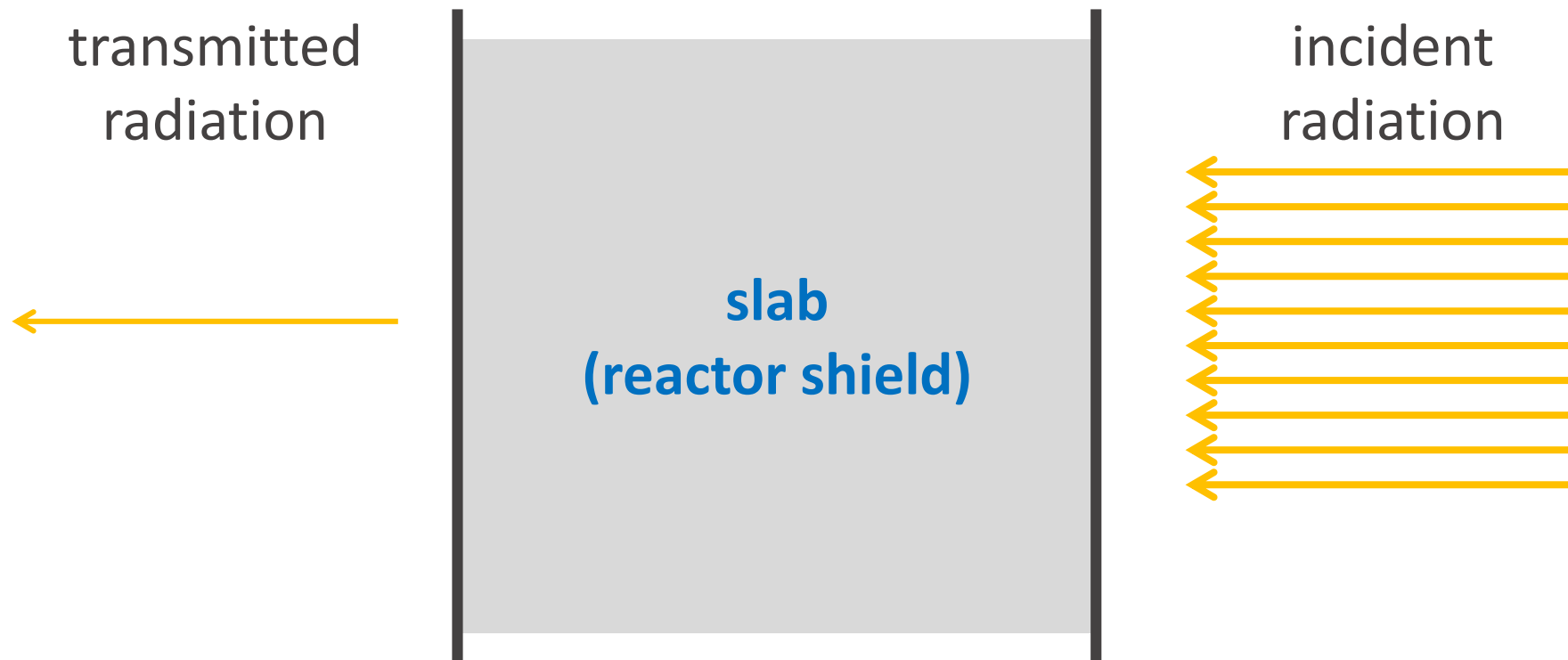
- **Goal**
 - Guide paths toward the boundary





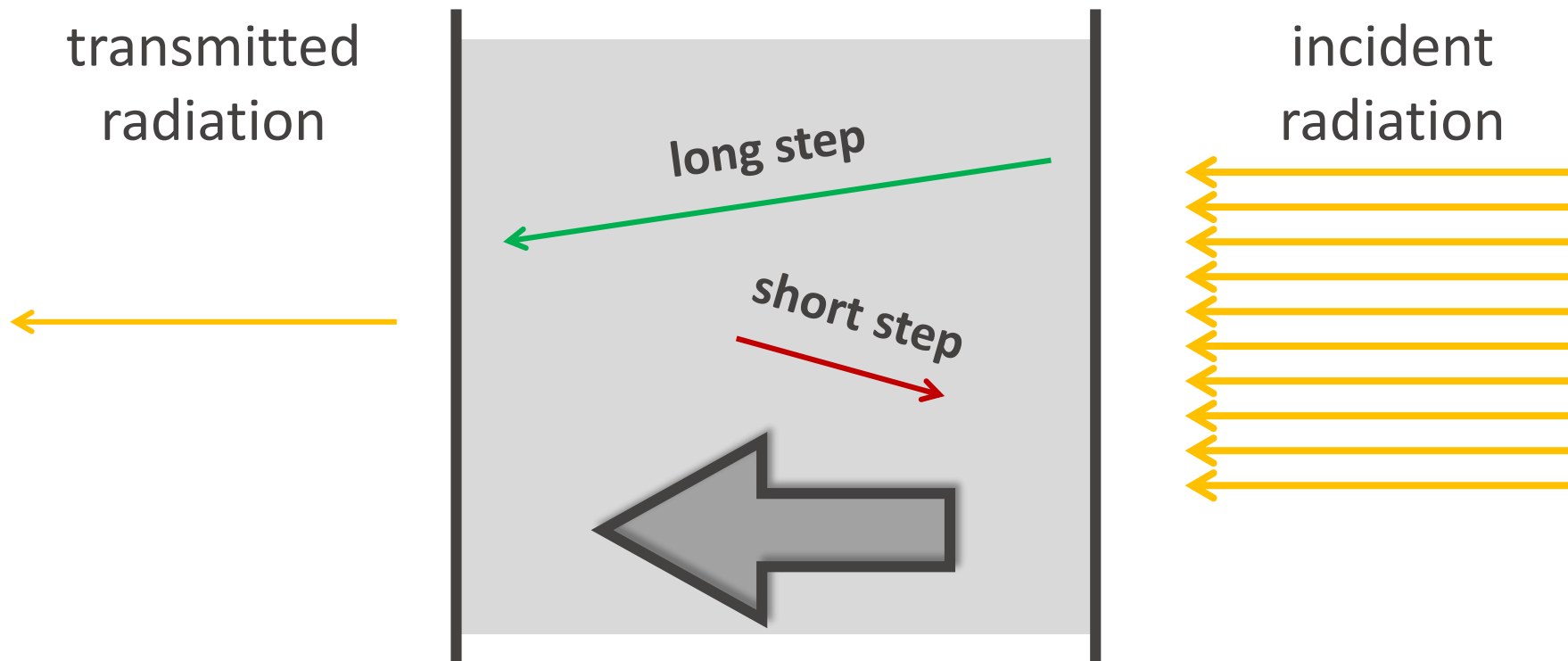
Previous work in neutron transport

- Reactor shield design
 - **One in a billion** particles makes it through



Previous work in neutron transport

- **Path stretching** [Clark '66, Ponti '71, Spanier '71]



Zero-variance random walk theory

- Zero variance random walk theory
[Kahn '54, Kalos and Whitlock '08, Hoogenboom '08, Booth '11]
- **[Dwivedi '81]**
 - Synergistic **path stretching** and **angular sampling**
 - Solid theory, no heuristics

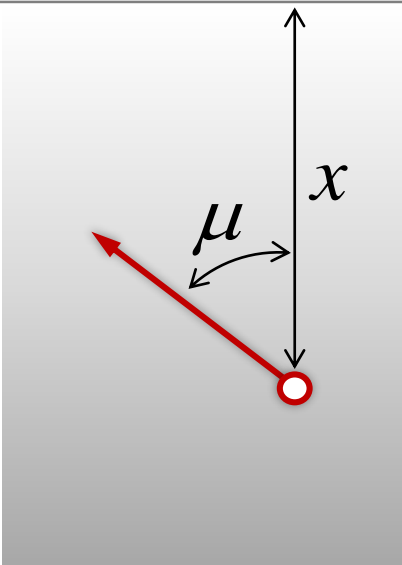
Analytical radiance solution

- Case's singular eigenfunctions
[Case 1960, McCormick and Kuscer 1973]



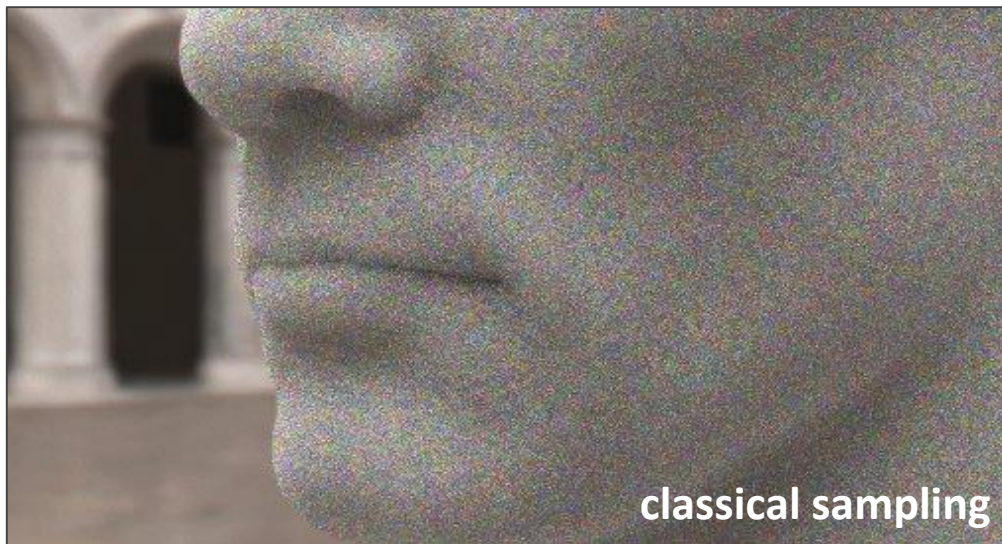
Kenneth M. Case

Singular eigenfunctions


$$\phi(x, \mu) = \int_{-1}^1 \underbrace{\phi(v, \mu) e^{-x/v}}_{\text{transient terms}} dv + \underbrace{\phi_0(v_0, \mu) e^{-x/v_0}}_{\text{asymptotic terms}}$$

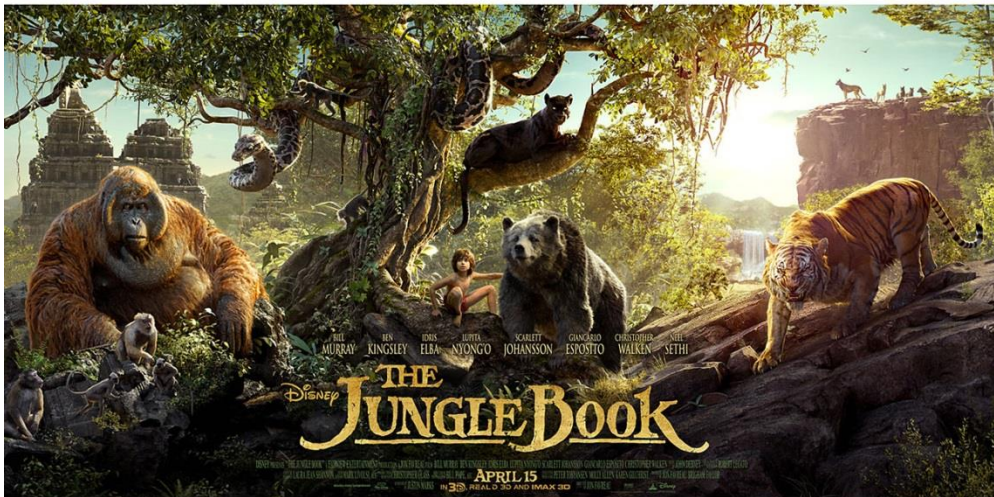
Use in rendering

equal-time comparison, 100 samples per pixel





P I X A R



WALT DISNEY
ANIMATION STUDIOS



3D PRINTING & APPEARANCE FABRICATION

3D printing



prosthetics



auto & aero



prototyping



utility items

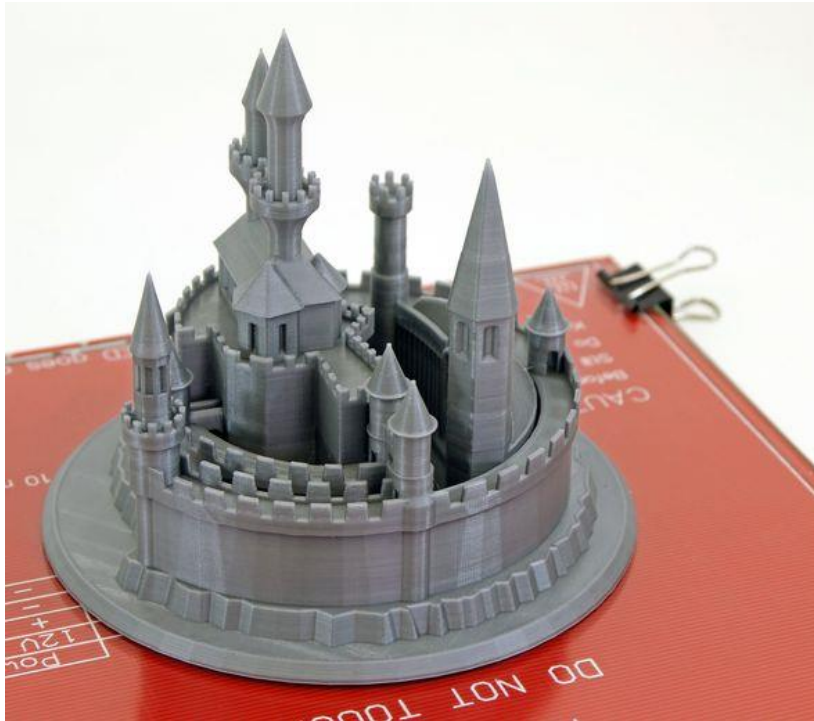


learning



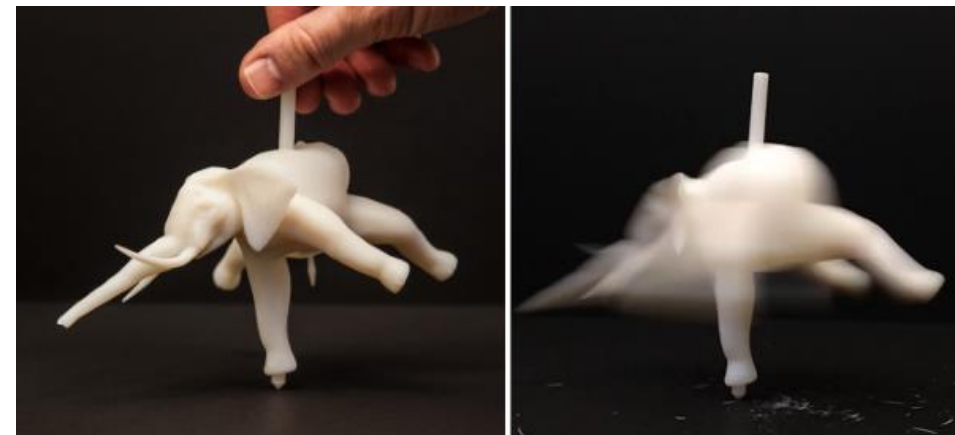
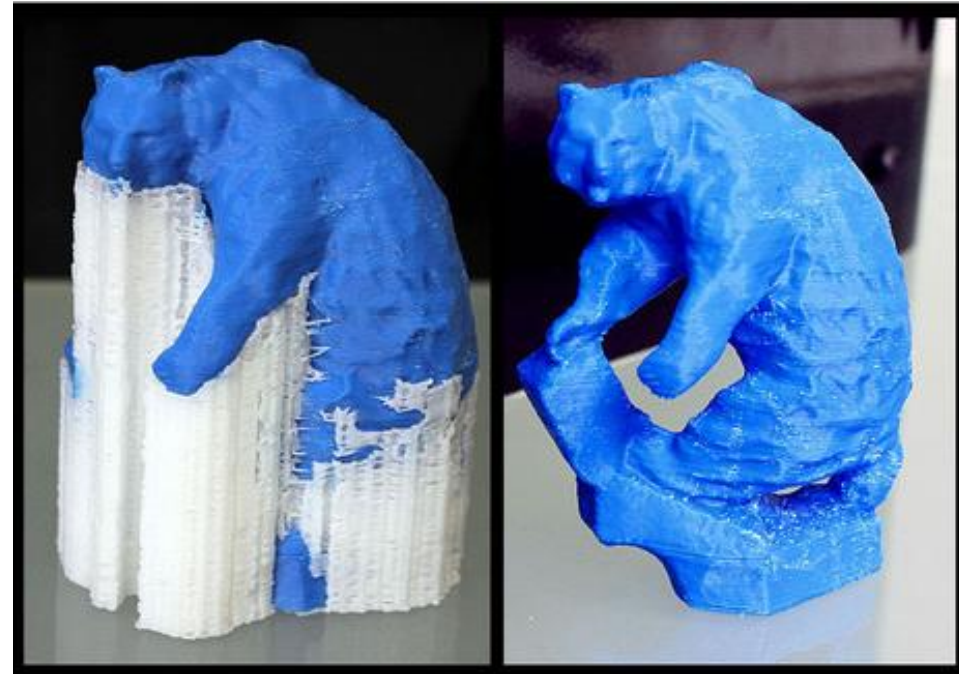
fashion & art

3D printing – FDM



© 2016, Prusa Research

- **3D model**
 - CSG, triangle-mesh, ...
 - STL format
- **Rasterization into a volume**
 - “Slicer” software
 - similar to 2D rasterization
 - Design of support materials
- **Geometric optimization**
 - Structural integrity, balance
 - Stiffness simulation
- **Appearance optimization**
 - Color, transparency, roughness, ...





Stratasys J750 full color





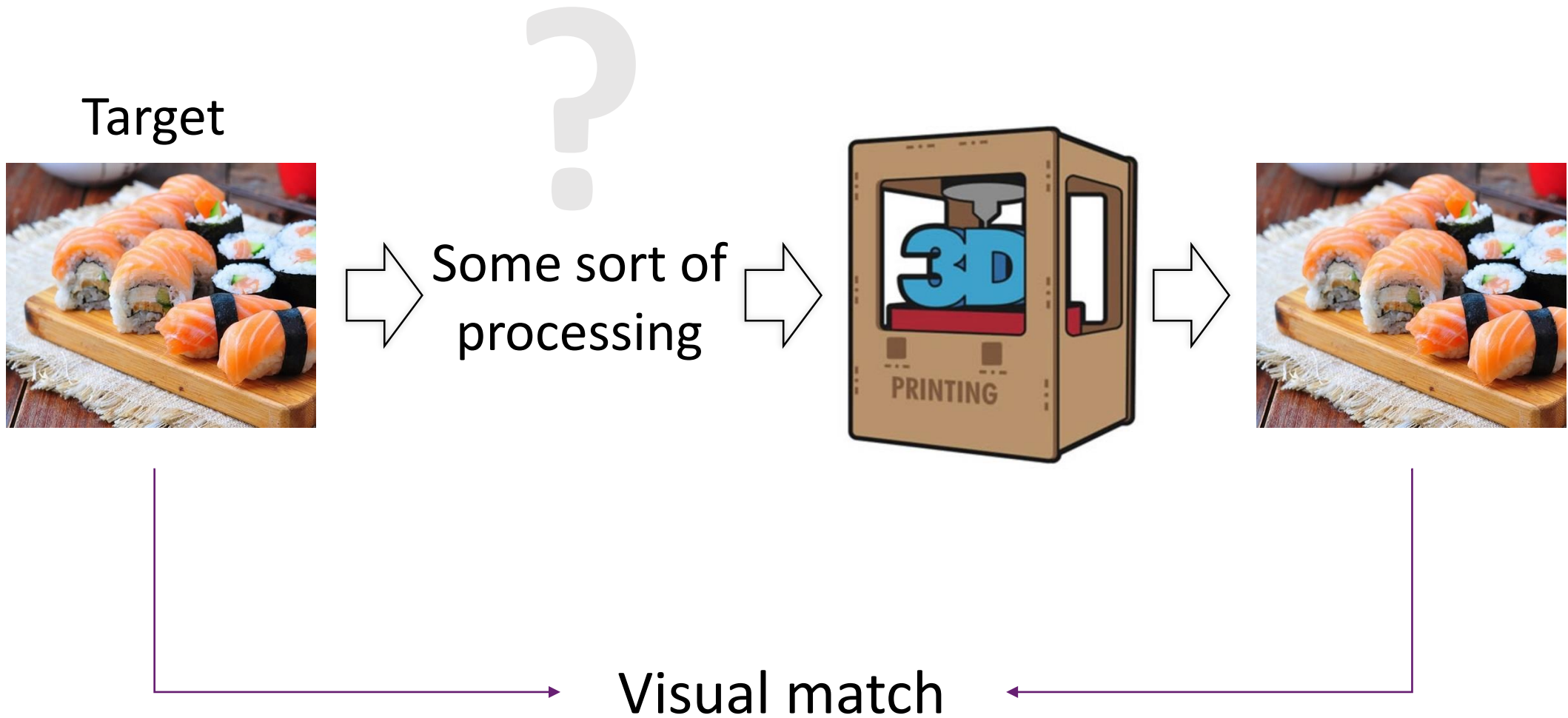
Does the 3D printed sushi look like real sushi?



New problem: “Realistic appearance fabrication”



Appearance fabrication



Example of our 3D printing research:

SCATTERING-AWARE TEXTURE REPRODUCTION IN 3D PRINTING

Textured 3D prints

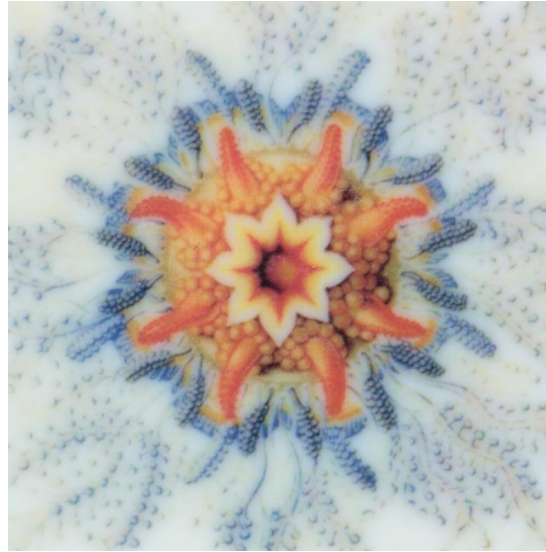


Translucency blurs textures

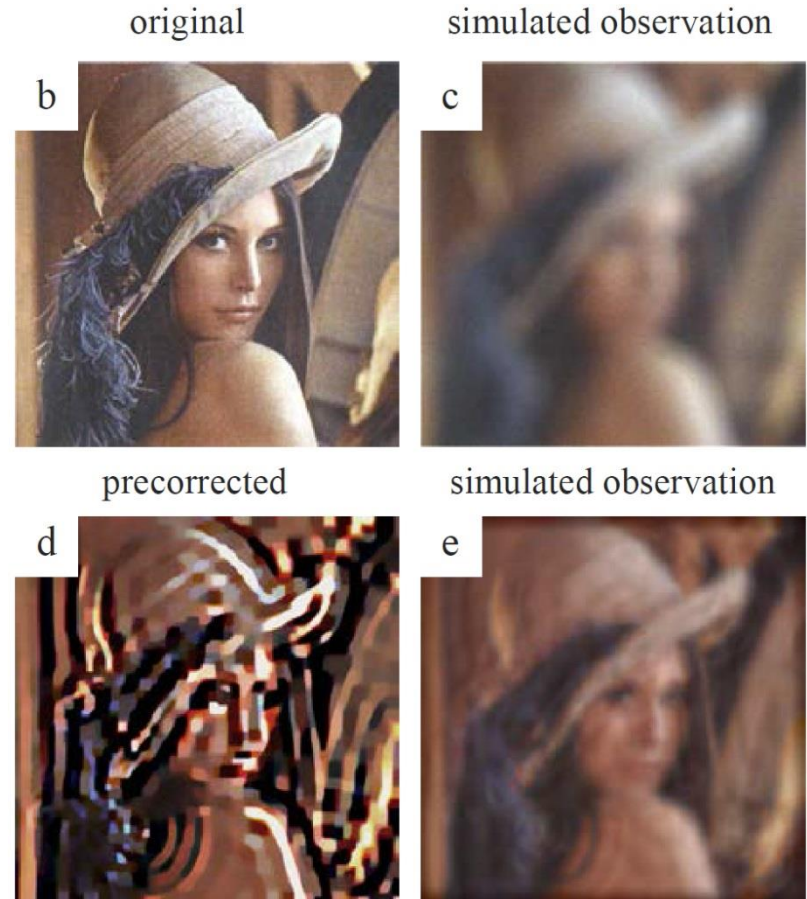
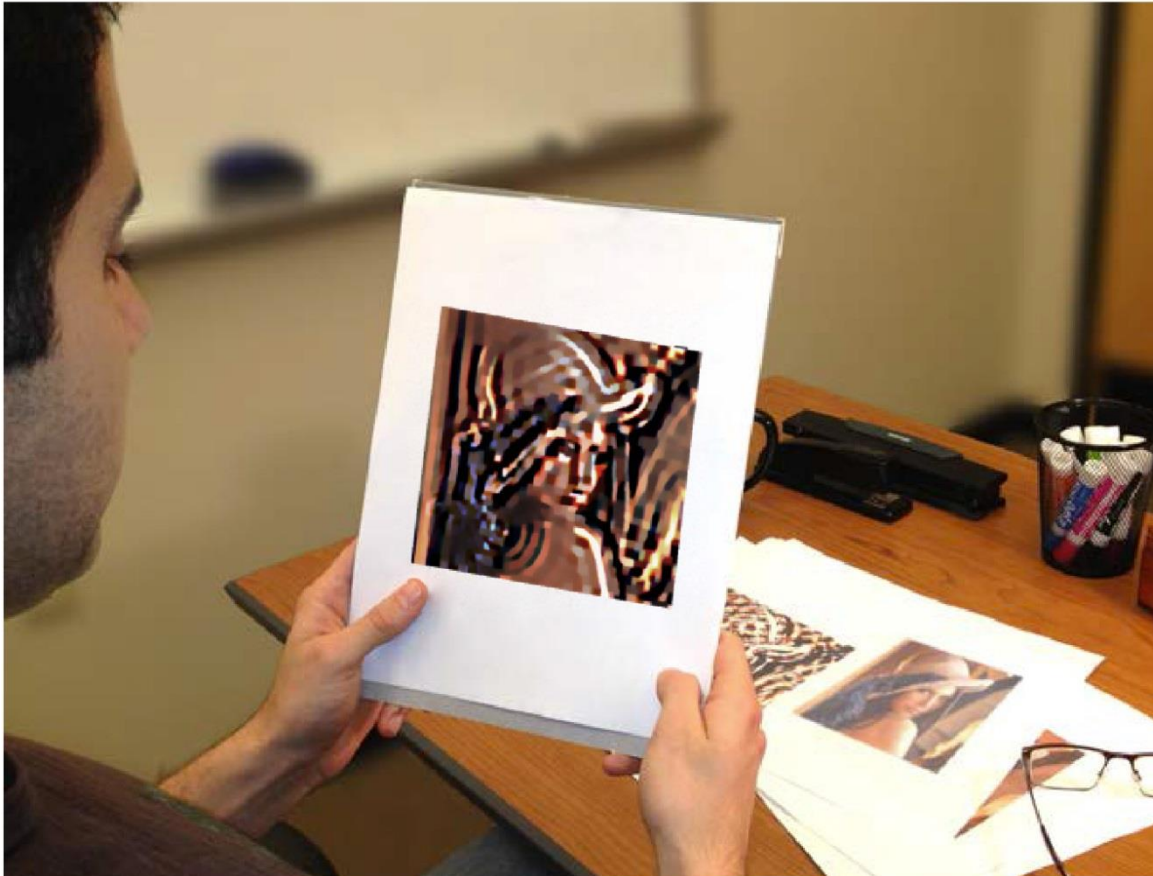
Target



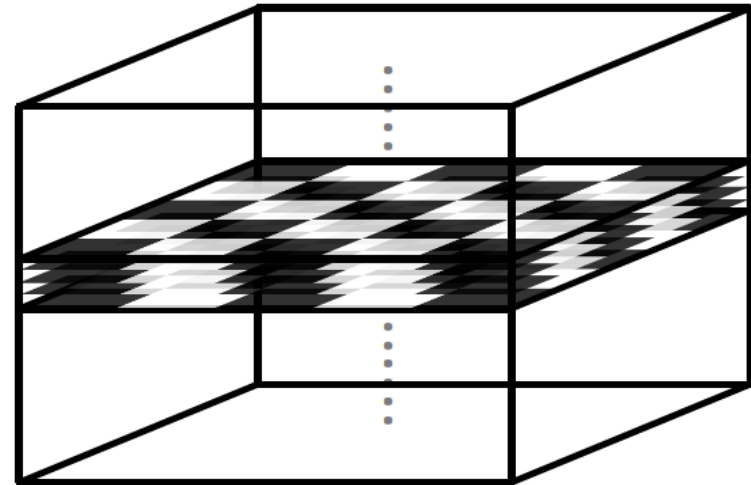
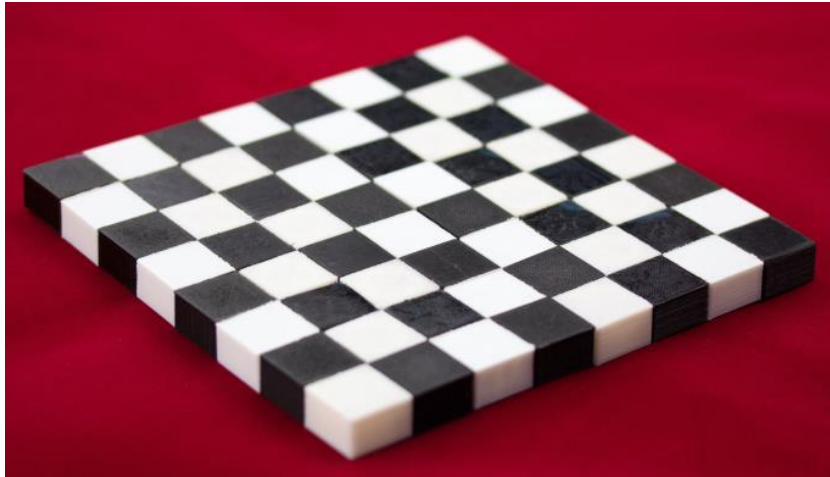
Default print



Precorrection for optical aberrations

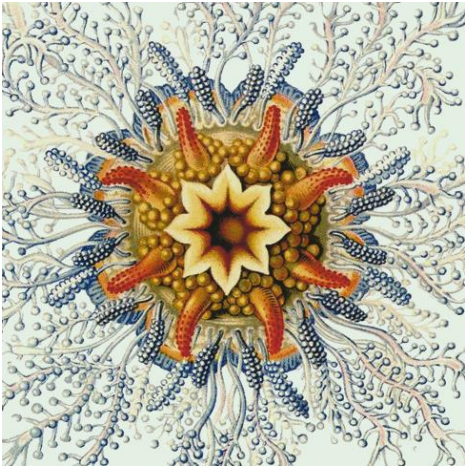


3D print is not just a flat image

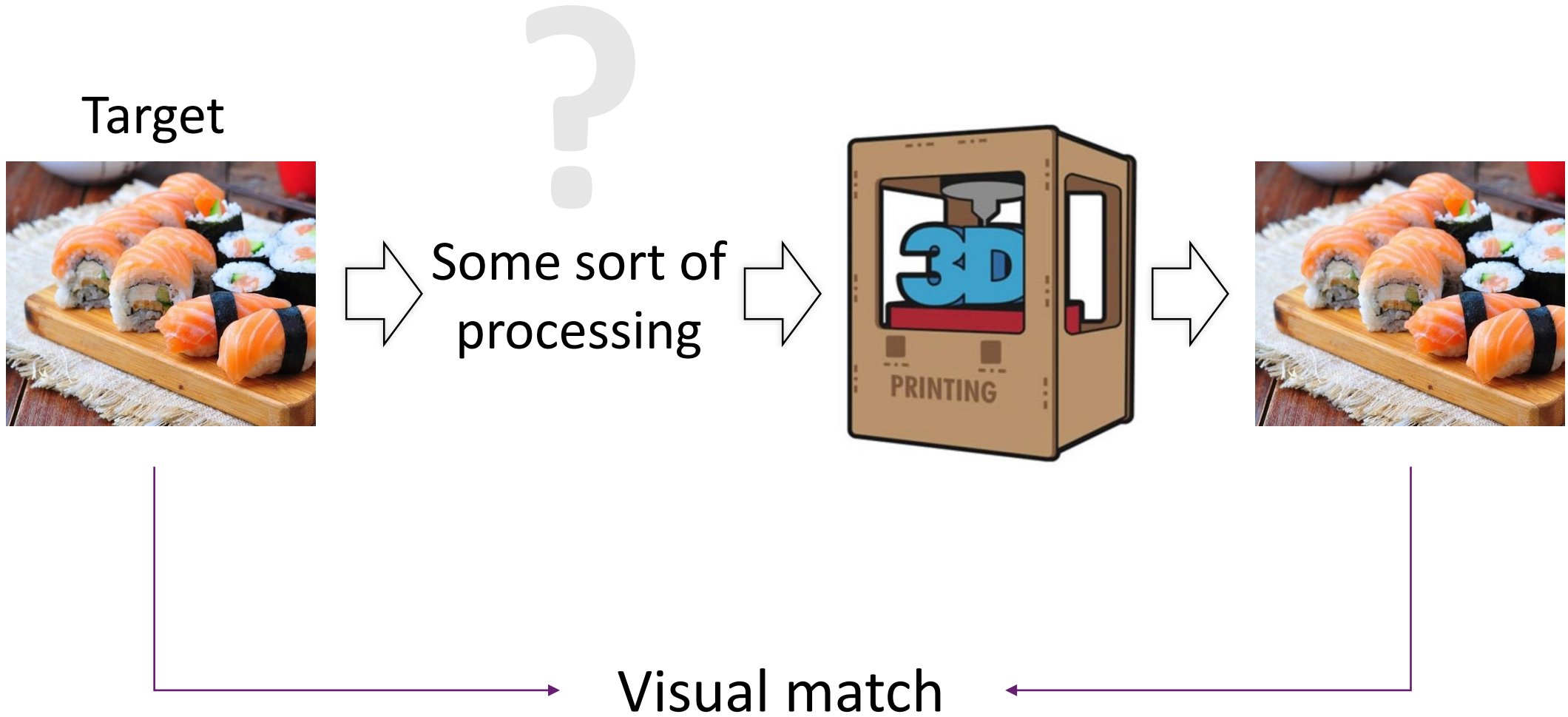


Iterative precorrection process

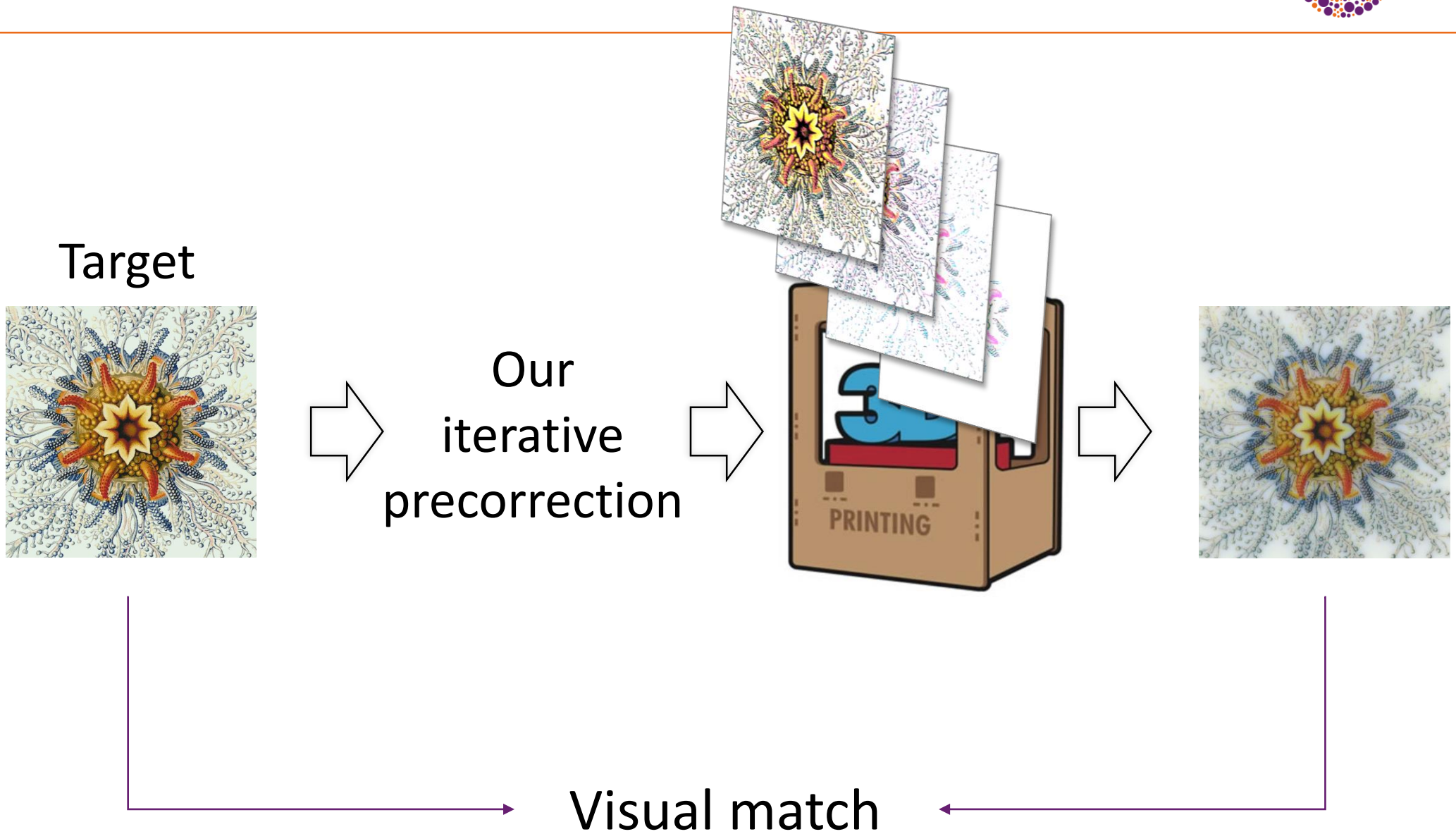
Target



Appearance fabrication

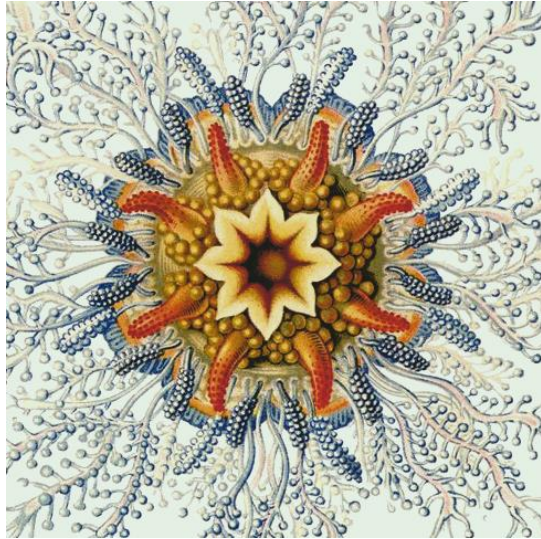


Appearance fabrication

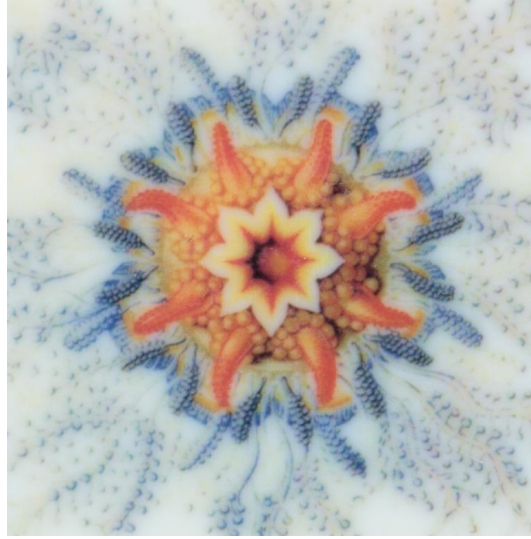


More results

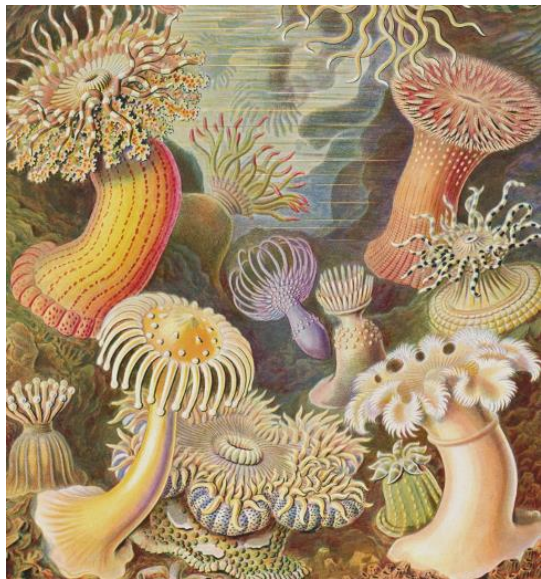
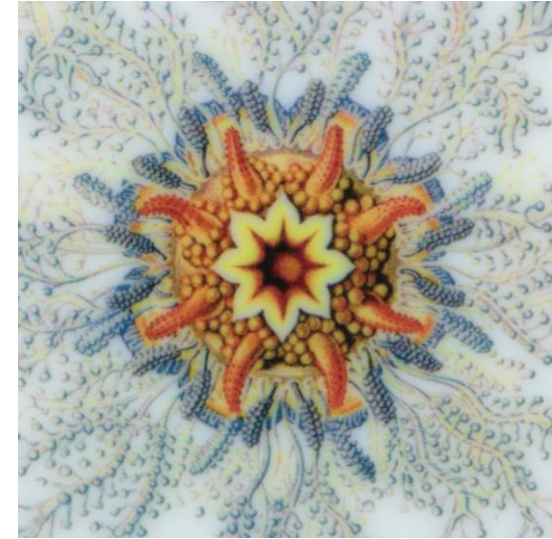
Target



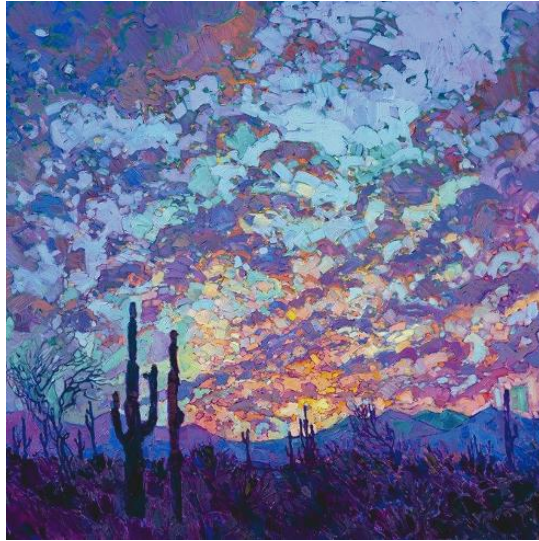
Default print



Our result



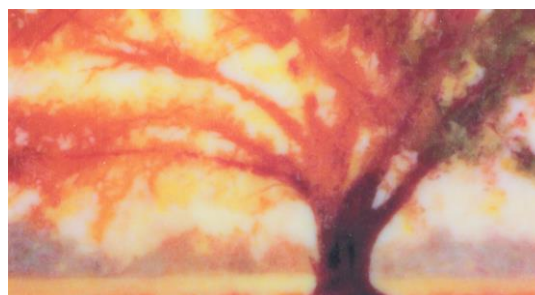
Target



Default print



Our result



Student brněnského VUT navrhl a vyrobil protetické oko na 3D tiskárně

9. 8. 2018

Již dlouhá léta pracují protetici na tom, aby umělé oči, které slouží jako náhrady při zrakových postiženích, vypadaly co nejrealističtěji. Strojně vyráběné oční náhrady jsou stále velkou výzvou. Zrakově postižený student VUT v Brně, Ondřej Vocílka, letos přišel s revolučním nápadem vyrobit oční protézu pomocí 3D tisku. A u MCAE Systems našel tu nejvhodnější 3D tiskárnu - Stratasys J750 s technologií PolyJet.



Přednáška o technologiích 3D tisku na FSI VUT v Brně Ondřeje Vocílku zaujala natolik, že začal přemýšlet o jejím využití při výrobě oftalmologických protéz a jak by je bylo možné co nejvíce přizpůsobit pacientům. Po dohodě s přednášejícím se začal tomuto tématu věnovat ve své bakalářské práci.

Standardně se oční protézy vyrábí ručně ze skla či akrylátu, a tak estetický dojem celé protézy závisí zejména na zkušenostech a šikovnosti protetiky. Nejnáročnější částí ruční výroby je duhovka, protože se musí co nejvíce podobat zdravému oku pacienta. Toho je však konvenčními způsoby obtížné dosáhnout.

Ondřej se ve své práci zabývá výrobou prototypu oční protézy pomocí 3D tisku na bázi modelu získaného skenováním své ručně vyrobené starší protézy z PMMA. Model byl modifikován v programu 3ds Max 2017. Tímto postupem bylo vymodelováno jádro protézy s texturou, která byla vytvořena z fotografie oka. Vytisknuté jádro oční protézy bylo dále zalito čirým akrylátem, aby se vytvořil zdravotně nezávadný povrch.

Samotná výroba jádra oční náhrady byla realizována na [3D tiskárně Stratasys J750](#) s technologií aditivní výroby **PolyJet** (*technologie pro přesný 3D tisk modelů nanášením fotonopolymeru a jeho vytvrzováním UV zářením*). Tato tiskárna je díky svým možnostem ideální pro takto náročný tisk. Zde do procesu vstupuje MCAE Systems, která 3D tiskárny značky Stratasys nabízí na českém a slovenském trhu.

<https://www.mcae.cz/cs/student-brnenskeho-vut-navrhl-vyrobil-proteticke-oko-3d-tiskarne/>

What's next?





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CGG BBQ



2015
HiVisComp





9
OCT

Tuesday, October 9, 2018

Let's talk about 3D graphics development vol.4



Hosted by [Ondřej Smrž](#)

From [Khronos Prague Meetup](#)

Public group 



Vulkan[®]

- **CGB = Computer graphics beer**
 - Roughly once a month in a pub in Prague
- **CGBBQ = Computer graphics barbeque**
 - Once a year in May
- **CG seminar**
- **HiVisComp**
 - Every winter (includes skiing), gathering of computer graphics enthusiasts from Czech Republic, Slovakia and elsewhere
 - <http://www.hiviscomp.cz/>
- **CESCG**
 - Student research
 - Slovakia, Austria, Czech rep., Hungary, DE, FR, apod.
 - <http://www.hiviscomp.cz/>



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Light



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Different approaches to rendering

- **Phenomenological**

- Traditional, “old” computer graphics
- E.g. Phong shading model, colors between 0 and 1, etc.

- **Physically-based**

- Based on a proper mathematical formulation
 - Rendering algorithms = numerical methods for solving the rendering equation
 - Radiance values between 0 and infinity
-

Mathematical model

- Image synthesis (rendering) = light transport simulation
 - We need a **mathematical model** for light
 - Formulation of the model = choice of level of detail
 - No need to model the behavior of every single photon
 - Need simplifying assumptions
-

Light

- EM radiation (an EM wave propagating through space)

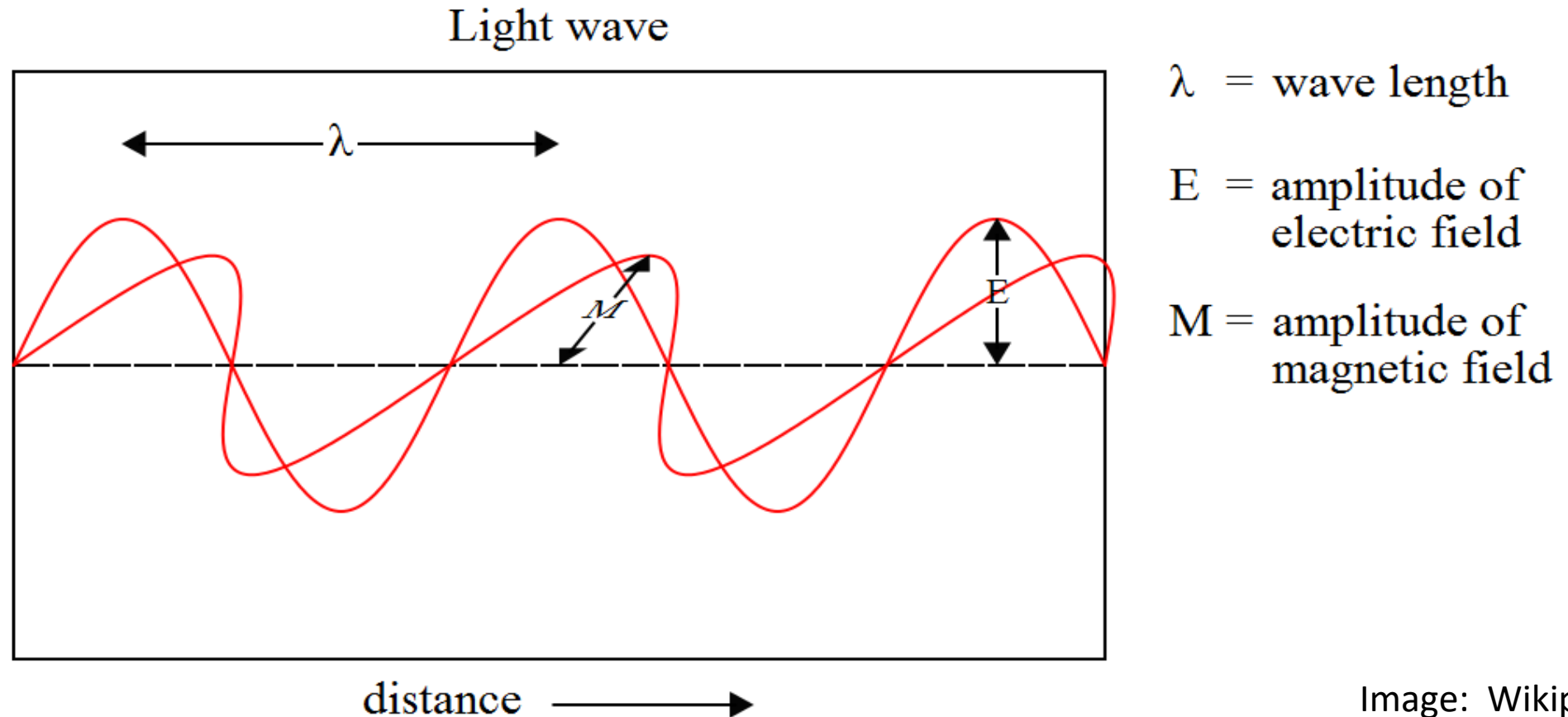


Image: Wikipedia

Light

- Frequency of oscillations \Rightarrow wavelength \Rightarrow perceived color

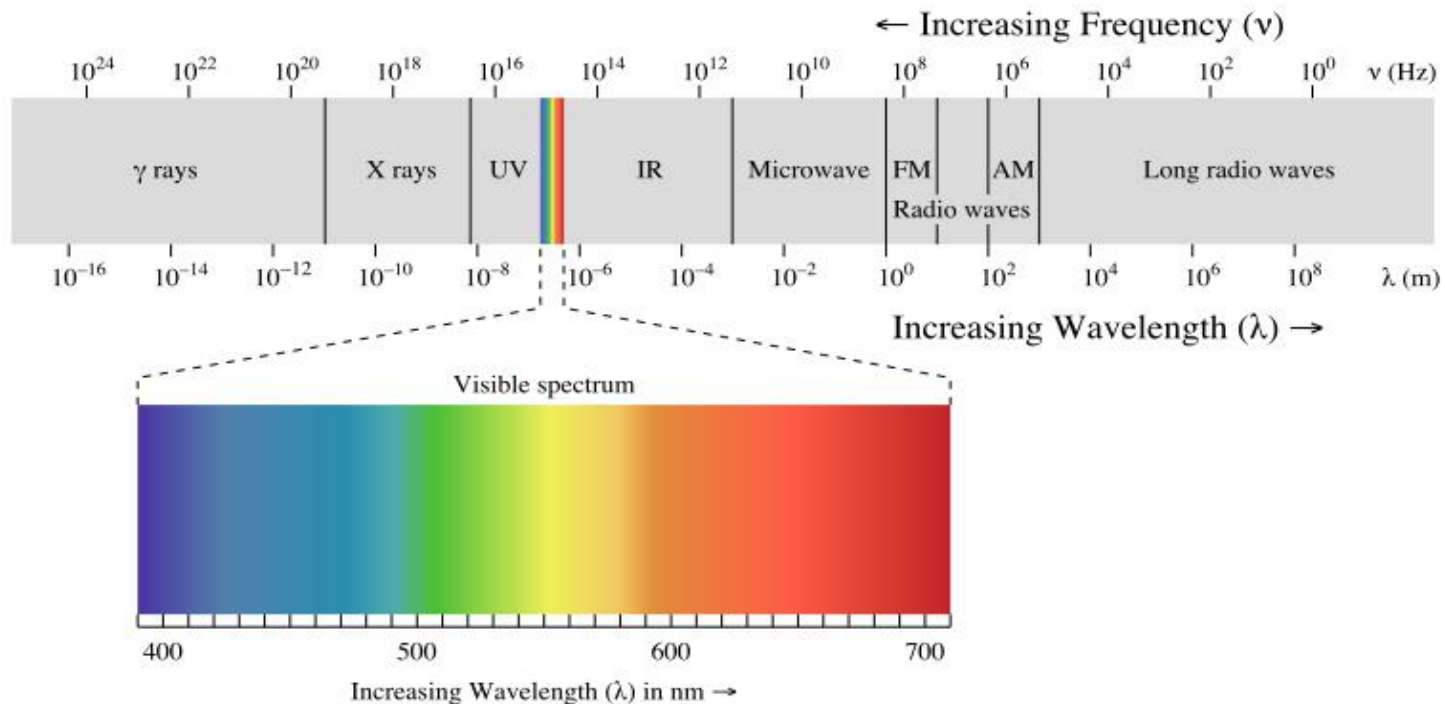


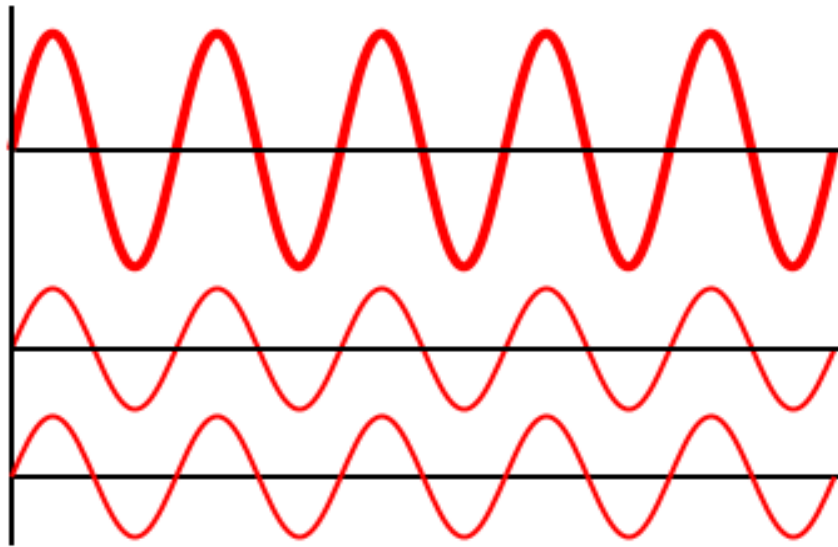
Image: Wikipedia

Various kinds of optics

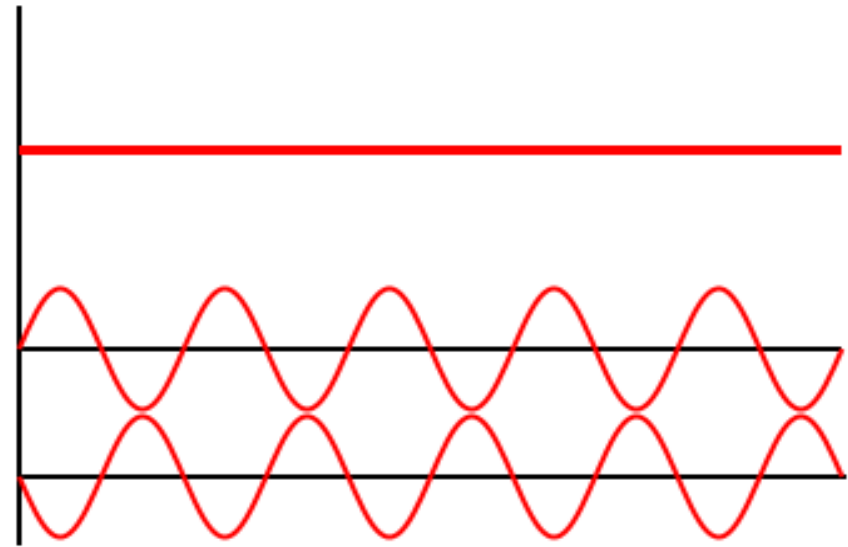
- **Geometry (ray) optics**
 - Most useful for rendering
 - Describes bulk, macroscopic effects of light
 - It is not a complete theory (Does not describe all observed phenomena, such as diffraction, interference etc.)
- **Wave optics** (light = E-M wave)
 - Important when describing interaction of light with objects of size on par with the light wavelength
 - Interference (soap bubbles), diffraction, dispersion
- **Quantum optics** (light = photons)
 - Necessary to describe interaction of light with atoms

Effects of the wave nature of light

- **Interference**



Constructive



Destructive

- Causes **iridescence** (structural coloration)

Iridescence

- Thin-film interference
- Color changes with the observation angle



Iridescence – Structural coloration

- Biological tissues can have layers causing interferences



Iridescence – Structural coloration

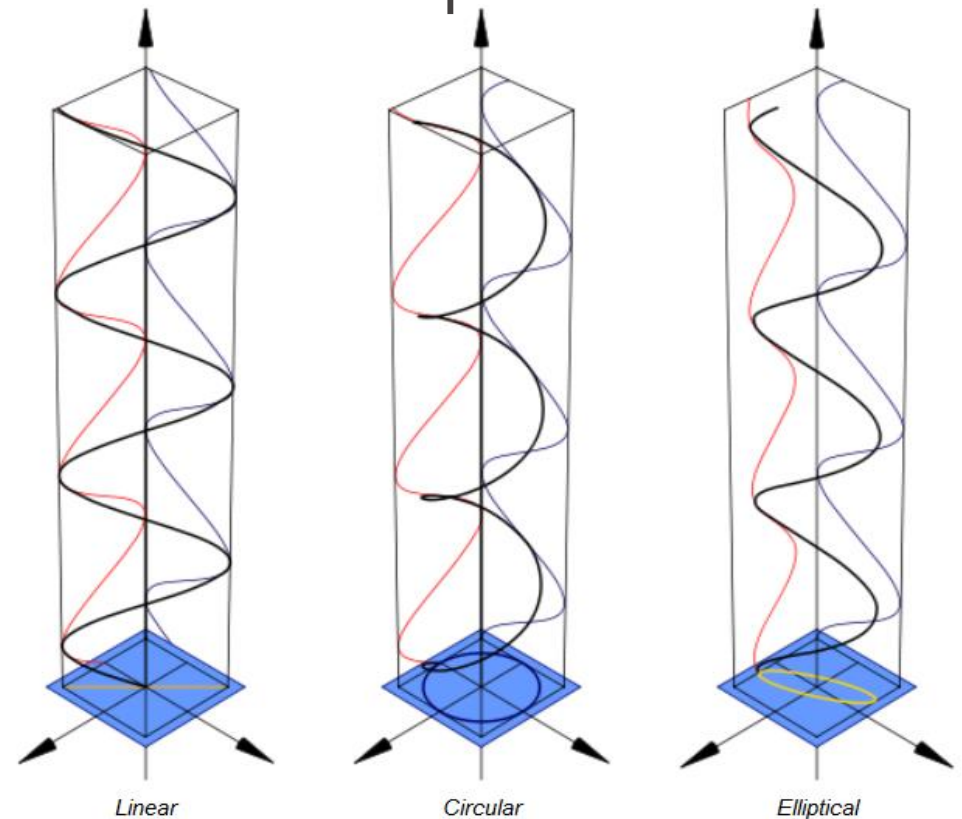


Iridescence – Structural coloration



Polarization

- Preferential orientation of the E-M waves with respect to the direction of travel
- Unpolarized light – many waves with different polarization
- More in the “Predictive rendering” class



Polarization

- Skylight is partially polarized



- Specular reflections are polarized





Thank you!

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